

Colonial Coal begins field program at Flatbed

Colonial Coal International Corp. {TSX.V: CAD} has started its 2017 field program on its Flatbed coal property located in northeastern British Columbia.

Crews are currently on site for the construction and preparation of drill sites, with the first of two drill rigs currently planned to mobilise shortly.



.

Colonial Coal begins field program at Flatbed

2017-07-18 14:05 ET – News Release

Mr. David Austin reports

Colonial Coal International Corp. {TSX.V: CAD} has started its 2017 field program on its Flatbed coal property located in northeastern British Columbia. Crews are currently on site for the construction and preparation of drill sites, with the first of two drill rigs currently planned to mobilize shortly.

The field program is expected to comprise approximately 3,600 metres of core drilling, with associated downhole geophysical logging, geological core descriptions, coal sampling and testing, plus geotechnical core logging and coal seam roof-and-floor sampling and testing.

The drilling will test for the presence of potentially underground minable coal seams within the Gates formation. This formation is known to host surface minable coking coal seams at the nearby Trend mine (Peace River Coal) and proposed Window open pit (Teck Corp.), which are located immediately southwest and northwest of the Flatbed project, respectively. Geological mapping will also be undertaken within portions of the project area.

About Colonial Coal International Corp.

Colonial Coal is focused primarily on coking coal projects. The northeast coal block of British Columbia, within which the corporation's projects are located, hosts a number of proven deposits and has been the subject of merger and acquisition activities by Xstrata, Walter Energy, Anglo-American and others.

We seek Safe Harbor.

© 2017 Canjex Publishing Ltd. All rights

POET Technologies AGM result

POET Technologies Inc. {TSX.V: PTK}, a developer of opto-electronic fabrication processes for the semiconductor industry provided shareholders with a review of its strategy, technology roadmap and product development activities during its AGM held in San Jose, California on Thursday, July 13, 2017.



Technology and Business Updates Focused on Proprietary Dielectric Hybrid Platform to Accelerate Revenue Growth

SAN JOSE, Calif., July 17, 2017 – **POET Technologies Inc. {TSX.V: PTK}**, a developer of opto-electronic fabrication processes for the semiconductor industry provided shareholders with a review of its strategy, technology roadmap and product development activities during its Annual General Meeting held in San Jose, California on Thursday, July 13, 2017.

POET's Executive Chairman, David Lazovsky, conducted the formal business of the AGM, including the approval of all

proposals outlined in the Company's proxy material. POET's CEO, Suresh Venkatesan, then presented a strategy, technology and product update. In addition, Thomas Mika, CFO, updated shareholders on the Company's communications policy and expiring Shareholder Rights Plan. All three senior managers of POET participated in an extensive Q&A session. The slides presented at the meeting along with a webcast replay can be accessed in the Investor Relations section of POET's website at: <http://www.poet-technologies.com/agm/agm2017.html>

Strategy and Technology Overview

POET's strategy is based on photonics integration (utilizing both monolithic and hybrid approaches) to lower cost and increase performance of disruptive solutions for the data communications and sensing markets, while focusing on the highest Return on Investment (ROI) opportunities available to the Company;

Recent explosive growth in the market for Indium Phosphide (InP)-based solutions for data communications at 100 gigabits per second (Gbps) utilizing Wavelength Division Multiplexing (WDM) provides an opportunity for POET to leverage its InP facility and production capability in Singapore, its unique and proprietary dielectric technology, and its wafer-level packaging expertise into a newly announced Hybrid Dielectric Photonics platform strategy;

POET has demonstrated the functionality of its proprietary dielectric waveguides for multiplexing and de-multiplexing light signals, allowing for the development of an optical engine suitable for transceivers operating at 100 gigabits per second (Gbps); engineering samples of these devices are

planned to be delivered to customers this quarter;

POET is strategically allocating resources to capitalize on the rapidly growing InP Photonics market, which is estimated to grow to an \$11 billion addressable market by 2021, in order to increase ROI, accelerate time to revenue and deliver shareholder value;

Technical challenges related to the manufacturability of the monolithic GaAs platform, have delayed POET's development of a Gallium Arsenide (GaAs)-based optical engine. The additional development time and cost associated with the GaAs platform will require the Company to secure a strategic partner in order to develop and commercialize this platform;

POET announced that its Narrow Linewidth Laser products have demonstrated industry-leading performance with "super-wide" tunability for high resolution sensing applications, such as gas & chemical sensing, coherent communication, meteorological sensing and atmospheric LIDAR; additional developments, including the incorporation of dielectric waveguides and wafer-level packaging is expected to accelerate growth in the sensing product line in 2018 and beyond.

AGM Highlights

At the AGM, POET Technologies shareholders approved the following items:

The current directors were re-elected as proposed, with each director receiving over 88% of the votes cast;

Marcum LLP, Certified Public Accountants, of New Haven, Connecticut were reappointed as auditors of the Company for the ensuing year.

Director Compensation

In an effort to reduce cash expenses, and following a review of peer group companies, the POET Board of Directors recently revised its compensation. This included reducing the cash compensation paid to its Executive Chairman, and effective April 1, 2017, eliminating per-meeting fees and reducing the annual cash retainer paid to directors. In the recent past, the demands on the Board to address key strategic and operating challenges resulted in frequent and numerous meetings, with per-meeting fees representing a substantial portion of total director compensation. In the newly-adopted program, the Executive Chairman is paid US\$200,000 annually. The annual cash retainer for each director is reduced to US\$30,000 and each committee chairperson receives an additional annual retainer of US\$10,000. The balance of director compensation is paid in stock options at a value of US\$90,000 annually, plus US\$10,000 per year in value of options to each committee chairperson. The valuation of options grants is based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The awarded stock options for directors vest quarterly in arrears over one year to match the period of service provided by each director.

Options Grant

At the meeting of the Board of Directors following the AGM, as part of the Company's incentive stock option grant program, options were granted to certain directors, officers and employees of the Company to purchase up to an aggregate of 9,225,000 common shares, representing approximately 3.55% of the outstanding shares of the Company.

Employees as a group 2,225,000

Management as a group 4,000,000

Directors as a group 3,000,000

The options are exercisable for 10 years at a price of CAD\$0.28(US\$0.22) being the closing price of the Company's shares on July 12, 2017. The directors' options vest quarterly in arrears over the one year of service as a director until the next Annual General Meeting.

All other options granted to employees and management vest 25% on the first anniversary of the grant and the balance vests quarterly over a further three-year period thereafter. The grant to the directors represents the option portion of directors' fees for the 15-month period from April 1, 2017, when the cash fees were reduced, through the next AGM to be scheduled in approximately one year from the present.

The options were granted subject to provisions of the Company's stock option plan and are subject to the TSX Venture Exchange policies and applicable securities laws. For further details on the Company's share capital, refer to the Company's Financial Statements and MD&A for the 3-months ended March 31, 2017 which were filed on SEDAR on May 11, 2017.

About POET Technologies Inc.

POET (Planar Opto-Electronic Technology) is a developer of opto-electronics and Photonic fabrication processes and products. Photonics integration is fundamental to increasing functional scaling and lowering the cost of current Photonic

solutions. POET believes that its advanced opto-electronics process platform enables substantial improvements in energy efficiency, component cost and size in the production of smart optical components, the engines driving applications ranging from data centers to consumer products to military applications. Silicon Valley-based POET's patented module-on-a-chip process, which integrates digital, high-speed analog and optical devices on the same chip, is designed to serve as an industry standard for smart optical components.

More information may be obtained by visiting www.poet-technologies.com

.

This news release contains "forward-looking information" (within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws) and "forward-looking statements" (within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995). Such statements or information are identified with words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "plan", "intend", "potential", "estimate", "propose", "project", "outlook", "foresee" or similar words suggesting future outcomes or statements regarding an outlook. Such statements include the Company's expectations regarding its strategy, technology roadmap and product development activities. They also include the Company's expectations with respect to the capability, functionality, performance and cost of the Company's technology.

Such forward-looking information or statements are based on a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions which may cause actual results or other expectations to differ materially from

those anticipated and which may prove to be incorrect. Assumptions have been made regarding, among other things, management's expectations regarding future growth, plans for and completion of projects by the Company's third party relationships, availability of capital, and the necessity to incur capital and other expenditures. Actual results could differ materially due to a number of factors, including, without limitation, operational risks in the completion of the Company's anticipated projects, delays or changes in plans with respect to the development of the Company's anticipated projects by the Company's third-party relationships, risks affecting the Company's ability to execute projects, the ability to attract key personnel, and the inability to raise additional capital. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking information or statements are reasonable, prospective investors in the Company's securities should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements because the Company can provide no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Forward- looking information and statements contained in this news release are as of the date of this news release and the Company assumes no obligation to update or revise this forward-looking information and statements except as required by law.

Neither TSX Venture Exchange nor its Regulation Services Provider (as that term is defined in the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange) accepts responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of this release.

120 Eglinton Avenue, East, Suite 1107, Toronto, ON, M4P 1E2-
Tel: 416-368-9411 – Fax: 416-322-5075

Shareholder Contact:

Shelton Group Brett L. Perry Leanne K.
Sievers sheltonir@sheltongroup.com

Source: POET Technologies Inc.

Colonial Coal appoints a new CFO

Colonial Coal International Corp. {TSX.V: CAD} has appointed Matthew James Anderson as the company's secretary and chief financial officer.

Mr. Anderson's appointment follows the recent retirement of William Filtness as an executive officer of the company.



Colonial Coal appoints Anderson secretary, CFO

2017-07-14 14:51 ET – News Release

Mr. David Austin reports

COLONIAL COAL ANNOUNCES THE APPOINTMENT OF A NEW CFO.

Colonial Coal International Corp. has appointed Matthew James Anderson as the company's secretary and chief financial officer.

Mr. Anderson's appointment follows the recent retirement of William Filtness as an executive officer of the company.

David Austin, president and chief executive officer, stated:
"On behalf of the board of directors, we are extremely appreciative for the vast experience and knowledge that Bill brought to his work life at Colonial Coal. Bill will be very much missed by all."

Mr. Anderson has significant experience in financial and accounting-related functions for natural resource issuers. He serves as a senior consultant with Malaspina Consultants Inc., a private company that provides accounting and administrative infrastructure to junior public companies. He also serves as the CFO of several other junior public companies, including I-Minerals Inc. and Callinex Mines Inc. Mr. Anderson holds a bachelor of commerce degree from McGill University, and he is a chartered professional accountant.

About Colonial Coal International Corp.

Colonial Coal is a publicly traded coal corporation in British Columbia that focuses primarily on coking coal projects. The Northeast coal block of British Columbia, within which the

corporation's projects are located, hosts a number of proven deposits, and has been the subject of merger and acquisition activities by Xstrata, Walter Energy, Anglo-American and others.

We seek Safe Harbor.

.

Scorpio Gold announces their heap leach resource estimate

Scorpio Gold Corp. {TSX.V: SGN} announced the Mineral Ridge Heap Leach resource estimate by Mine Technical Services (MTS) of Reno, Nevada.

The confirmed resource estimate of 7.1 MT at an average grade of 0.017 oz./ton or 121,700 contained ounces of gold.



VANCOUVER, B.C. July 12, 2017 – [Scorpio Gold Corp. {TSX.V: SGN}](#) is pleased to announce the Mineral Ridge Heap Leach resource estimate by Mine Technical Services (MTS) of Reno, Nevada.

The confirmed resource estimate of 7.1 MT at an average grade of 0.017 oz./ton or 121,700 contained ounces of gold in the Measured & Indicated category provides the basis for conducting a feasibility study for milling of the material and additionally confirms reconciliation of tonnage, grade and contained ounces placed by the Company and its predecessors since operations commenced. Details of the resource estimate are available in the MTS Resource Report.

The MTS estimates are reasonably similar to expectations based on historic production and metal accounting data (130K oz. from 1st principal accounting versus 123K oz. from resource estimates). Total tons estimated (7.1 MT) is in line with the 7.2 MT placed on the pad by MRG and its predecessors. The average grade reported in the resource estimate (0.017 oz./ton Au) is slightly lower than expectations based on the historic production and metal accounting data although metallic screen assays completed on the bulk leach pad sample averaged 0.0185 oz./ton Au. This 8.2% difference between the fire assay grade and the metallic screen grade indicates a coarse gold component and provides an upside potential to the average grade that, if realised, will increase the potential project economics.

Metallurgical test work completed by KCA also indicates that coarse gold should be recovered in a gravity circuit prior to fine grinding. Mineral Ridge Gold's plan is to also process future mine production (not currently in Mineral Reserves) through the mill, thus improving its overall economics through increased recovery of contained gold.

Based on positive results from the resource estimate and metallurgical testing, MTS will be engaged to conduct a

feasibility study for milling of the heap leach material that will provide the basis for determining the economics of the overall recovery project.

Brian Lock, interim CEO, comments, *“This positive resource estimate provides Scorpio Gold with the necessary information to proceed with a feasibility study for constructing a milling facility at Mineral Ridge. We look forward to its completion, which should provide the basis for unlocking untapped value through exploration and development and benefitting our shareholders for many years to come.”*

[To see the full resource report, please click HERE](#)

Notes:

1.

The effective date of the mineral resource estimates is June 29, 2017.

2.

Mineral resources are reported at or above a 0.0002 oz/ton Au cut-off grade.

3.

Mineral resources are contained within the Mineral Ridge leach pad facility with the following assumptions: A long-term gold price of US\$1,216/oz; assumed process costs are US\$11.0/ton; metallurgical recovery for gold is 93%.

4.

Rounding may result in apparent differences between when summing tons, grade and contained metal content.

5.

Tonnage and grade measurements are in imperial units; grades are reported in oz/ton.

6.

The resource estimate was prepared with reference to CIM Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves (2014) and CIM Estimation of Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves Best Practice Guidelines (2003).

7.

The resource estimate was prepared by qualified persons, Todd Wakefield, MSc, SME, Ian Crundwell, BSc, PGeo and Mike Drozd, PhD, SME of Mine Technical Services Ltd.

8.

Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.

About Scorpio Gold

Scorpio Gold holds a 70% interest in the Mineral Ridge gold mining operation located in Esmeralda County, Nevada with joint venture partner Elevon, LLC (30%). Mineral Ridge is currently in production as a conventional open pit mining and heap leach operation. The Mineral Ridge property is host to multiple gold-bearing structures, veins and lenses at exploration, development and production stages.

Scorpio Gold also holds a 100% interest in the advanced exploration-stage Goldwedge property in Manhattan, Nevada, with a fully permitted underground mine and 400 ton per day mill facility. The Goldwedge mill facility has been placed on

a care and maintenance basis and can be restarted on short notice..

Scorpio Gold's Chairman, Peter J. Hawley, PGeo, is a Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 and has reviewed and approved the content of this release.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD
SCORPIO GOLD CORPORATION

Brian Lock,
Interim CEO

.

Sprotts adds to his position in UEC

[Uranium Energy Corp. \(UEC\)](#) [{TSX.V: UEC}](#) – Sprott Inc and several other asset managers have recently increased their holdings in UEC.

This is despite a low uranium price, making it uneconomic for UEC to produce currently.



.

Sprott Inc. raised its position in shares of [Uranium Energy Corp. {TSX.V: UEC}](#) by 41.8% during the second quarter, according to its most recent Form 13F filing with the SEC.

.

The institutional investor owned 294,811 shares of the basic materials company's stock after buying an additional 86,925 shares during the period. Sprott Inc. owned approximately 0.21% of Uranium Energy Corp. worth \$469,000 as of its most recent SEC filing.

.

A number of other hedge funds have also made changes to their positions in UEC:

- Global X Management Co. LLC boosted its stake in shares of Uranium Energy Corp. by 111.0% in the first quarter.
 - JPMorgan Chase & Co. boosted its stake in shares of Uranium Energy Corp. by 50.3% in the first quarter.
 - Vanguard Group Inc. boosted its stake in shares of Uranium Energy Corp. by 23.6% in the first quarter.
 - Geode Capital Management LLC boosted its stake in shares of Uranium Energy Corp. by 79.4% in the first quarter.
 - Finally, Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft FI boosted its stake in shares of Uranium Energy Corp. by 137.3% in the first quarter.
-

Crypto currencies being routed in bloodbath

Bitcoin \$BTC down 7%, **Ethereum \$ETH** 13.4%, 3rd place **Ripple** 9.4%, and some other of the top cryptos have fallen significantly more in a crypto bloodbath.

Stratis, number 11 by market cap, has fallen 41.% so far today!



Crypto bloodbath continues after recent falls.

Bitcoin \$BTC down 7%, **Ethereum \$ETH** 13.4%, 3rd place **Ripple** 9.4%, and some other of the top cryptos have fallen significantly more in a crypto bloodbath.

Stratis, number 11 by market cap, has fallen 41.% so far today!

Crypto currencies have had such a strong run since the start of 2017, a correction at some point was inevitable, and that moment seems to have arrived with vengeance.

Every market only runs so far before a dose of reality sets in, and after the hundreds of percent rise in value of some crypto coins such as Ethereum since January, that time has finally arrived.

Bitcoin is down around 25% since the \$3,000 peak achieved in June, Ethereum, one of the biggest investment gains in history anywhere in the first 6 months of the year has now lost 60% since the \$400 peak.

The obvious question is how far will the cryptos fall before they reach the bottom? And what about the forthcoming ICO's in the pipeline? There are a good number as people rush to cash in on the mania whilst the going is good.

The red flags were flying recently when some sections of the media began predicting "new paradigms" and "Bitcoin to \$50,000" type statements. when the herd can only see positives it's the time to sell!

Kootenay Silver reports that Pan American Silver has commenced drilling at La Negra

[**Kootenay Silver Inc. {TSX.V: KTN}**](#) announced that Pan American Silver Corp. has informed Kootenay that a drill program has commenced on the Company's La Negra high grade silver discovery contained within the Promontorio Mineral Belt Project located in Sonora State, Mexico.



KOOTENAY SILVER REPORTS THAT PAN AMERICAN SILVER COMMENCES DRILLING AT LA NEGRA PROJECT, MEXICO

July 11, 2017_.

Kootenay Silver Inc. {TSX.V: KTN} is pleased to announce that Pan American Silver Corp. ("Pan American") has informed Kootenay that a drill program has commenced on the Company's La Negra high grade silver discovery contained within the Promontorio Mineral Belt Project located in Sonora State, Mexico.

The program, operated by Pan American, will total approximately 4,055 meters of core drilling over 25 holes. Drilling will focus on brownfield targets and consist of primarily infill drilling as well as step out holes to depth.

The drill program is part of an earn-in option agreement between Kootenay and Pan American that provides Kootenay with a series of work and cash commitments and a carried to production interest on La Negra. Click to view: [Details of La Negra Option Agreement with Pan American](#).

About the La Negra High Grade Silver Discovery

The La Negra discovery is a hydrothermal-diatreme breccia exposed over a 150 x 500 meter area contained within the Promontorio Mineral Belt Project, approximately seven (7) kilometres north of the Promontorio silver deposit in Sonora State, Mexico.

Since the initial discovery in 2014, Kootenay has completed a total of 6,200 meters of drilling over 41 core holes. Results have confirmed significant intervals of high grade, widespread silver mineralization extending from surface to depth of 300 meters. Highlights from these drill programs include **hole LN-21 reporting 200 metres of 156 g/t silver with the bottom 50 metres grading 420 g/t silver including 6 metres of 1,337 g/t silver.**

.

Pan American began managing the La Negra exploration program in April 2016. Drilling conducted by Pan American confirmed high-grade results previously reported by Kootenay as well as the presence of a second breccia zone further to the south, which currently remains open at depth. To date, Pan American has completed a total of 6,800 meters of drilling over 29 core holes. Click to view: [Comprehensive Drill Results Completed on the La Negra Discovery.](#)

Sampling and QA/QC

Samples were assayed by Inspectorate of Hermosillo, Mexico, using four acid digestion 35 element ICP analytical methods with fire assay for Au and Ag with atomic absorption finish and gravimetric finish, respectively. Pan American has followed a Quality Assurance/Quality Control program comprised

of the insertion of blank material and certified standard samples at a frequency of one each for every 20 samples. There is no known drilling, sampling, recovery, or other factors that could materially affect the accuracy or reliability of the data referred to in the table. Holes are drilled with a diamond core drill rig.

Qualified Persons

The Kootenay technical information in this news release has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian regulatory requirements set out in National Instrument 43-101 (Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects) and reviewed on behalf of Kootenay by James McDonald, P.Geo, President, CEO & Director for Kootenay, a Qualified Person.

Neither the TSX Venture Exchange nor its Regulation Services Provider (as that term is defined in policies of the TSX Venture Exchange) accepts responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of this release.

About Kootenay Silver Inc.

Kootenay Silver Inc. is an exploration company actively engaged in the discovery and development of mineral projects in the Sierra Madre Region of Mexico and in British Columbia, Canada. Supported by one of the largest portfolios of silver assets in Mexico, Kootenay continues to provide its shareholders with significant leverage to silver prices. The Company remains focused on the expansion of its current silver resources, new discoveries and the near-term economic development of two of its priority silver projects located in prolific mining districts in Sonora, State and Chihuahua, State, Mexico, respectively.

Neither the TSX Venture Exchange nor its Regulation Services Provider (as that term is defined in policies of the TSX Venture Exchange) accepts responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of this release.

For additional information, please contact:

James McDonald, CEO and President at 403-880-6016

Ken Berry, Chairman at 604-601-5652; 1-888-601-5650

or visit: www.kootenaysilver.com

Neometals to progress integrated lithium chemical production strategy

Neometals Ltd {ASX: NMT} advises that the sale notice period for its 13.8% equity stake in the Mt Marion Project as originally announced on 7th April 2017, closed, without receipt of a compliant offer.

The Company has now determined that the retention of the Project equity is in the best interests of shareholders' given the improved offtake pricing structure and levels, and the achievement of significant Project milestones in the intervening period.

Neometals to progress integrated lithium chemical production strategy

Neometals Ltd {ASX: NMT} advises that the sale notice period for its 13.8% equity stake in the Mt Marion Project as originally announced on 7th April 2017, closed, without receipt of a compliant offer.

The Company has now determined that the retention of the Project equity is in the best interests of shareholders' given the improved offtake pricing structure and levels, and the achievement of significant Project milestones in the intervening period.

The Company believes that these factors have materially enhanced the Project's intrinsic value. Specifically, in order of impact on the valuation, the factors were:

- The successful finalisation of re-negotiations of the offtake pricing mechanism with project and offtake partner Ganfeng Lithium Co, which will deliver pricing linked to international lithium carbonate and hydroxide prices rather than bilateral spodumene market prices. Based on analysis of market trends, the supply/demand balance of the lithium compounds will be more robust than that of the spodumene concentrates which are forecast to be more volatile against commodity pricing supply cycles.

This fundamental shift should provide less variability in long-term pricing and greater returns from the Project as the new pricing model takes effect from 1 July 2017. • The retention by the Company of its binding offtake option rights for a minimum of 12.37% of production from Mt Marion from February 2020. This will provide a secure supply of feedstock, at the Company's discretion, for the prospective development of its own downstream processing plant.

The current evaluation is progressing vendor equipment test work programs in North America, in parallel with site selection studies. • The ramp-up in plant performance and product quality from Mt Marion exceeding expectations with the shipment of 30,055 dmt (majority 6% Li₂O) in May and late June/early July shipments totalling 50,000 dmt. • Subject to Project's operating board and JV shareholder approval, the anticipated commitment to modify the Project's process plant to facilitate production of all 6% Li₂O spodumene concentrate, removing the discount applied to the current 4% Li₂O concentrate prices and improving Project profitability.

The Company has engaged advisers to assist it in considering demerging and separately listing the Company's technology and titanium assets. The Company will keep the market informed as to progress of this initiative and the timing of its implementation, if any.

Neometals' Managing Director, Chris Reed, commented: *"Since we originally offered to sell the stake in Mt Marion, we've been impressed by the production performance from site which, combined with the enhanced pricing structure and levels, makes a compelling case for retaining the stake and offtake rights. We will now focus on developing the next step in the lithium*

value chain, a downstream processing plant to produce Lithium Hydroxide, the key component in cathode chemistries for the EV and stationary storage battery revolution.”

ENDS

Chris Reed Managing Director

+61 8 9322 118

Crypto currencies continue to fall, Ethereum hit badly, down 50% in three weeks

Ethereum \$ETH continues to fall dramatically, along with most other crypto currencies. **Bitcoin \$BTC** is holding up fairly well, but the remainder of the ‘top 10’ cryptos by market cap are continuing to fall after their recent strong run.

Ethereum has fallen by 50% since briefly hitting \$400 around three weeks ago.



Ethereum in sharp decline, along with most of the crypto currencies.

Ethereum \$ETH continues to fall dramatically, along with most other crypto currencies. **Bitcoin** is holding up fairly well, but the remainder of the 'top 10' cryptos by market cap are continuing to fall after their recent strong run.

Ethereum has fallen by 50% since briefly hitting \$400 around three weeks ago, and maybe some trust has been lost as a result of the 'flash crash', when the currency briefly fell from \$360 to 10 cents, and then back up again within a few minutes, wiping out many traders whose stop losses were hit, or whom received margin calls.

Today, many currencies lost over 10% of their value, some as high as 15%. Third place **Ripple \$RP** fell 10.71%, and the average fall amongst the top 10 was around 7%.

Bitcoin \$BTC has held up well during the crypto correction, but has fallen from just over \$3,000 (intraday) to \$2,359, itself quite a drop in a short period of time.

The crypto currencies have enjoyed such a strong run during 2017, a retracement or correction looked on the cards, and the question now seems to be how far they will fall before the bottom is reached.

The reasons for the rapid ascent was hard to fathom, but my theory is that money was washing around the system driving up prices as coins were traded upwards, and as prices rose, new money entered the system pushing prices up further.

It's only a profit when it's in the bank, and who would sell with prices rocketing upwards? Maybe the Ethereum flash crash unnerved some investors, and a few decided to sell and repatriate into their own currencies? That is my theory to explain the current falls, some people drawing out of the system and taking profits after such a long run.

With such strong falls, it remains to be seen how long other investors will hold their nerve, or whether we will see new waves of selling.

Storedot demonstrates a car battery that recharges in 5 minutes with a 300 mile range

StoreDot, the Israeli car and phone battery developer has demonstrated an EV (electric vehicle) battery recharging from zero to fully charged in 5 minutes, giving the car a range of 300 miles.



StoreDot demonstrates a car battery recharging in 5 minutes in Germany.

[To read the article in full, please click HERE](#)

Crypto currencies suffer a wobbly week, start of a retracement or just a setback?

Bitcoin \$BTC held up well in a week when other cryptocurrencies, such as **Ethereum \$ETH** suffered some serious price falls.

The question on investors' lips is simply is this a retracement after the massive price surge during 2017, or just a temporary setback?



Crypto currencies suffer large losses last week.

Bitcoin \$BTC held up well in a week when other cryptocurrencies, such as **Ethereum \$ETH** suffered some serious price falls.

The question on investors' lips is simply is this a retracement after the massive price surge during 2017, or just a temporary setback?

After a strong run up in prices since the start of 2017, the price of the top 10 crypto currencies (by market cap) fell last week, with five of the ten falling by 9% or more.

Bitcoin, the market leader by a country mile more or less hung on to its existing value, but its closest contender, **Ethereum**, took a real beating, falling over 18%. One reason for this may be that Bitcoin is largely traded in China, whereas Ethereum is mostly traded in South Korea and Japan.

Since crossing the \$400 dollar value line on June 12th, Ethereum has become volatile, and lost some 40% of value to

the \$252 it has today. ETC has in fact lost all of the gains made in June and is back at square one.

The total value of crypto currencies was worth over \$100 billion, but has now fallen back to \$96 billion. This begs the question, that, after such a meteoric rise so far this year, have the crypto currencies come too far too quickly, and run out of greater fools? Only time will tell, but under normal market conditions there has to be a correction at some point, and maybe that time is upon us?

One red flag for suggesting a possible pullback is the number of articles predicting Bitcoin could go to \$1 million per coin! Another is the phrase “new paradigms of wealth” being used, that’s often a top indicator.

Next week should be interesting, will the cryptos carry on sliding down or regain ground and march onwards and upwards? Time will tell.

Strongbow Exploration issue a corporate update

[Strongbow Exploration {TSX.V: SBW}](#) the UK based copper and tin project, at South Crofty in Cornwall, has issued a corporate update.



Keith Russ, a technical service engineer of the South Crofty Tin Project, stands in a mining tunnel at South Crofty tin mine in Redruth, U.K., on Thursday, Aug. 11, 2016. Strongbow Exploration Inc., who the bought mine last month, could have the mine in production by 2019 or 2020, delivering 20 tons of tin a day, according to Chief Executive Officer Richard Williams. Photographer: Simon Dawson/Bloomberg

To access the update, please click [HERE](#)

Barkerville Gold Intersects 17.30 G/T Au Over 7.50 Metres At Valley Zone

Barkerville Gold Mines Ltd. {TSX.V: BGM} announced additional drilling results from the ongoing 130,000 metre Phase II Island Mountain exploration drilling program at the Company's flagship Cariboo Gold Project.



Barkerville Gold Intersects 17.30 G/T Au Over 7.50 Metres At Valley Zone

July 5th, 2017

Expansion of Vein Corridors Continues

TORONTO, ON – July 5th, 2017 – **Barkerville Gold Mines Ltd. {TSX.V: BGM}** is pleased to announce additional drilling results from the ongoing 130,000 metre Phase II Island Mountain exploration drilling program at the Company's flagship Cariboo Gold Project.

The Company is currently exploring and delineating the Valley and Shaft Zones with seven drill rigs, while an eighth drill rig is conducting exploratory drilling on Barkerville Mountain. Detailed drilling results, a drill hole location plan map, vertical section and longitudinal section are presented at the end of this release.

Veining Corridors Continue to Develop in Valley Zone

The ongoing exploration and delineation drilling program in the Valley Zone continues to corroborate veining corridors as demonstrated by drillhole CM-17-057 which intersected a broad

network of veining averaging 17.30 g/t Au over 7.50 metres at vertical depth of 170 metres below surface. At the same elevation 130 metres along vein strike to the southwest, drillhole CM-17-048 delineated additional veining grading 12.27 g/t Au over 4.55 metres. In a previously unexplored portion of the Valley Zone, another new veining occurrence averaging 11.33 g/t Au over 3.00 metres was discovered by drillhole CM-17-053 at a vertical depth of 140 metres below surface. Because of the wide hole spacings and scarcity of historical drilling in these areas, all occurrences are open for expansion.

“The high-grade vein corridors in the Valley Zone continue to be identified and will require infill drilling later in the year.” noted Chris Lodder, President and CEO of Barkerville Gold Mines. “Seven drills are focused on infill drilling on Island Mountain and one rig is conducting reconnaissance drilling on Barkerville Mountain. Regional exploration in the larger land package was reinitiated last week and will continue until late September. The objective of the regional exploration program is to continue the advancement of future drill targets. Underground mine development continues at Bonanza Ledge with processing at the QR mill to start in August.”

Qualified Persons

Exploration activities at the Cariboo Gold Project are administered on site by the Company's Exploration Manager, Maggie Layman, P.Geo. As per National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects, Paul Geddes, P.Geo. Vice President Exploration, is the Qualified Person for the Company and has prepared, validated and approved the technical and scientific content of this news release. The Company strictly adheres to CIM Best Practices Guidelines in conducting, documenting, and reporting its exploration

activities on the Cariboo Gold Project.

Quality Assurance – Quality Control

Once received from the drill and processed, all drill core samples are sawn in half, labelled and bagged. The remaining drill core is subsequently stored on site at the Company's secure facility in Wells, BC. Numbered security tags are applied to lab shipments for chain of custody requirements. The Company inserts quality control (QC) samples at regular intervals in the sample stream, including blanks and reference materials with all sample shipments to monitor laboratory performance. The QAQC program was designed and approved by Lynda Bloom, P.Geo. of Analytical Solutions Ltd., and is overseen by the Company's Qualified Person, Paul Geddes, P.Geo, Vice President Exploration.

Drill core samples are submitted to ALS Geochemistry's analytical facility in North Vancouver, British Columbia for preparation and analysis. The ALS facility is accredited to the ISO/IEC 17025 standard for gold assays and all analytical methods include quality control materials at set frequencies with established data acceptance criteria. The entire sample is crushed and 250 grams is pulverized. Analysis for gold is by 50g fire assay fusion with atomic absorption (AAS) finish with a lower limit of 0.01 ppm and upper limit of 100 ppm. Samples with gold assays greater than 100 ppm are re-analyzed using a 1,000g screen metallic fire assay. A selected number of samples are also analyzed using a 48 multi-elemental geochemical package by a 4-acid digestion, followed by Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectroscopy (ICP-AES) and Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectroscopy (ICP-MS).

.

For further information on Barkerville Gold Mines please visit www.barkervillegold.com

Contact:

Chris Lodder

President & Chief Executive Officer

155 University Avenue, Suite 1440

Toronto, Ontario, Canada

.

Coinbase is to reimburse customer losses caused by the Ethereum flash crash

Ethereum {ETH} suffered a 'flash crash' a few days ago, dropping from \$310 per coin to only 10 cents! It subsequently rebounded back to the former level, but in the crash many stop losses and margins were hit, resulting in some investors being wiped out.

Coinbase, which runs the GDAX digital currency exchange has announced it will reimburse investor losses.



Earlier this week, GDAX, the digital currency exchange run by Coinbase, [experienced a flash crash](#) in its USD – Ethereum market.

Within seconds the price of ETH crashed from ~\$320 to as low as \$0.10. While the price recovered quickly, the rapid price movement caused many traders to experience margin calls or stop loss orders, resulting in potentially severe losses.

[To read the article in full, please click HERE](#)

.

Neometals announce a 12% price increase for Mt. Marion concentrate offtake

Neometals Ltd. {ASX: NMT} and Mineral Resources Ltd. {ASX: MIN} announced that, pursuant to the terms of the Offtake Agreement with their partner, Ganfeng Lithium, effective from 1 July 2017 the price payable per dry metric tonne of 6% spodumene concentrate produced at Mt Marion and delivered CFR China (Incoterms 2010) increased from US\$750 to US\$841.



Neometals announce a 12% increase in price for Mt. Marion concentrate.

Neometals Ltd. {ASX: NMT} and Mineral Resources Ltd. {ASX: MIN} and advise that, pursuant to the terms of the Offtake

Agreement with their partner, Ganfeng Lithium, effective from 1 July 2017 the price payable per dry metric tonne of 6% spodumene concentrate produced at Mt Marion and delivered CFR China (Incoterms 2010) increased from US\$750 to US\$841.

Comment.

This significantly increases the revenue from Mt. Marion, which was already spinning of a significant amount of cash already.

With 100% off the offtake forward sold to partner Ganfeng Lithium in China, the additional revenue makes the MT. Marion project look even more attractive, perhaps this may be the catalyst that provokes a bid from a third party?

Do solid state batteries threaten the lithium miners?

Lithium miners such as our own [Neometals {ASX: NMT}](#) will not be pleased to hear that Samsung, one of the world's largest producer of mobile phones, plans to start using solid state batteries in two or three years time.



.

Samsung sees advantages in solid state phone batteries over lithium ion batteries.

Given their problems with exploding lithium ion batteries that did for the Galaxy Note, it's not surprising that Samsung are considering a new type of battery for their mobile phones.

Whilst this is clearly not good for lithium miners, this is a couple of years away at best, and the technology may take a while to prove up and take off.

[To read the article in full, please click HERE](#)

.

Inovio Announces Leadership Appointments

Inovio Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (NASDAQ:INO) today announced leadership appointments to support its growth and expanding strategic and operational initiatives. Inovio promoted Dr. Keiko Simon to Vice President, Alliance and Program Management and Jeffrey C. Richardson to Vice President, Strategic Relations.

Inovio Announces Leadership Appointments

PLYMOUTH MEETING, Pa., June 28, 2017 – **Inovio Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (NASDAQ:INO)** today announced leadership appointments to support its growth and expanding strategic and operational initiatives. Inovio promoted Dr. Keiko Simon to Vice President, Alliance and Program Management and Jeffrey C. Richardson to Vice President, Strategic Relations.

Dr. Simon, who joined Inovio in 2013, will be responsible for

managing the company's relationships with its external partners including product development collaborations with MedImmune, Regeneron, and Genentech, and other collaborations. She also will direct internal project management of Inovio's pipeline programs in development including its phase 3 program. She joined Inovio after a 20-year career at Merck in project and portfolio management, supporting the infectious disease and vaccine therapeutic areas and external partnerships.

Jeffrey C. Richardson joined Inovio in 2012 after serving Amgen and GSK in global communications positions. He will be responsible for directing Inovio's media relations, human resources, government affairs and executive communications efforts.

Dr. J. Joseph Kim, Inovio's President and CEO, said, *"this is a transformative time for Inovio. We are moving forward in phase 3 with a cervical pre-cancer treatment; advancing multiple immunotherapy clinical programs; and collaborating with multiple strategic partners. These two executives strengthen our management team and bring to Inovio global pharma industry experience and a track record of helping organizations reach their goals."*

About Inovio Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Inovio is taking immunotherapy to the next level in the fight

against cancer and infectious diseases. We are the only immunotherapy company that has reported generating T cells in vivo in high quantity that are fully functional and whose killing capacity correlates with relevant clinical outcomes with a favorable safety profile. With an expanding portfolio of immune therapies, the company is advancing a growing preclinical and clinical stage product pipeline. Partners and collaborators include MedImmune, Regeneron, Genentech, The Wistar Institute, University of Pennsylvania, DARPA, GeneOne Life Science, Plumblin Life Sciences, ApolloBio Corporation, Drexel University, NIH, HIV Vaccines Trial Network, National Cancer Institute, U.S. Military HIV Research Program, and Laval University. For more information, visit www.inovio.com.

New Crypto coin will be backed by physical gold

OneGramCoin tokens (OGC) is to become the first crypto currency in the world to be backed by physical gold.

This answers my criticism that crypto coins are another type of fiat currency, the same as national currencies, none of which are backed by physical gold any more.



ONEGRAM

OneGramCoin tokens (OGC) is to become the first crypto currency in the world to be backed by physical gold.

This answers my criticism that crypto coins are another type of fiat currency, the same as national currencies, none of which are backed by physical gold any more.

OGC is designed to be completely Sharia compliant, with each coin backed up by one gram of gold, stored in a vault in Dubai Airport. With 25% of the world's population being Muslim, and normally unable to participate in the crypto currency markets, this should ensure the success of the venture.

Each coin is backed by one gram of gold at launch. How it will work, and generate wealth over time is that each transaction of OGC generates a small transaction fee, which is reinvested in more gold (net of administration costs), and thereby increases the amount of gold that backs each OneGram. Therefore, according to the pitch each OGC increases in real value over time, and is touted as "making OneGram unique among cryptocurrencies."

A maximum total of 12,400,786 OneGramCoin tokens (OGC) will be sold in OneGram's upcoming initial coin offering (ICO) on May 21.

I really like this idea, with a limit on the coins in issue, and a fraction of the transaction fee being used to purchase more gold, thus increasing coin value, this looks a winner

over time, especially if the gold price picks up as anticipated by many investors.

At the current gold spot price, a sold out crowdsale would raise over \$554 million, which would make it the largest cryptocurrency crowdsale achieved in history.

This is the first crypto currency that I like, it has real tangible value backed by physical gold, and as long as the number of transactions is reasonable, it has baked in additional shareholder value as long as the price of gold remains stable or positive.

Condor Gold Announces Drill Results on La India Project: Including 3.6 m at 23.3 g/t Gold

Condor Gold {AIM: CNR} announced more results from their continued drilling on the Mestiza Vein Set at the La India Project, Leon Province, Nicaragua.

The objective is to convert an historic Soviet mineral resource (2,392 kt at 10.2 g/t gold for 785,694 oz gold) to a Canadian NI 43-101 standard.



**Condor Gold Announces Drill Results on La India Project:
Including 3.6 m at 23.3 g/t Gold and 3.1 m at 14.4 g/t Gold**

LONDON, June 29, 2017

Condor Gold {AIM: CNR} is pleased to announce more results from continued drilling on the Mestiza Vein Set at the La India Project, Leon Province, Nicaragua. The objective is to convert an historic Soviet mineral resource (2,392 kt at 10.2 g/t gold for 785,694 oz gold) to a Canadian NI 43-101 standard.

The initial focus is on the Tatiana Vein, one of the 4 constituent veins and the largest portion of the resource. Results are excellent and have identified a high grade ore shoot in the area of a major dilational bend. The programme continues with two drill rigs and has now been expanded to

6,000 m in total.

Highlights:

LIDC348 drill width 3.6 m (true width 2.3 m) at 23.3 g/t gold and 66.6 g/t silver from 160.5 m depth.

LIDC348 is 100 m vertically down dip of a previously reported drill hole (LIDC344; drill width 3.3 m at 28.3 g/t gold) and demonstrates a high grade ore shoot which extends to at least 150 m below surface and may have a strike extent of about 300 m.

LIDC360 drill width 3.1 m (true width 2.7 m) at 14.4 g/t gold and 29.2 g/t silver from 40.3 m depth.

The 3,000 m drilling programme is now expanded to 6,000 m.

The Tatiana vein has excellent continuity for 1.5 km and is a 4-5 m wide mineralised structure. The average true width of the high grade portion, comprising mostly fault breccia, is approximately 2.5 m.

High recoveries have been achieved in the mineralised zone, including mineralised fault breccias that previous drilling failed to recover.

Mark Child, Chairman and CEO comments *"The drill result of 3.6 m at 23.3 g/t gold on the Tatiana vein is very encouraging because it is approximately 100 m below our previously reported drill intercept of 3.3 m at 28.3 g/t gold. This and neighbouring drill holes define a high grade shoot which is open down dip and along strike for approximately 300 m. In light of this, the drill programme has been modified from broadly 100 m centres, to include drilling some 50 m step out holes in this high grade zone.*

The overall objective is to convert an historic Soviet-style mineral resource (2,392 kt at 10.2 g/t gold for 785,694 oz

gold) to Canadian NI 43-101 standard. This will hopefully boost the current NI 43-101-compliant Inferred Mineral Resource at Mestiza (1,490 kt at 7.47 g/t for 333,000 oz gold)".

Mestiza is excluded from the current mine plans in the PFS and PEAs. A successful resource conversion has the potential to add large, high grade, and relatively shallow resources to a future mine plan, thereby increasing the annual gold production, life of mine, and project economics. The Tatiana vein has excellent continuity for more than 1.5 km and we hope to identify further high grade shoots by targeting bends in the vein, which are more dilational and seem to have controlled gold grade."

Background

La India Project's existing NI 43-101-compliant mineral resource is 18 Mt at 4.0 g/t Au (2.31 Moz gold). This consists of seven separate resources, most of them open along strike and at depth. It includes Mestiza, which hosts a NI 43-101-compliant Inferred mineral resource of 1,490 kt at 7.47 g/t (333,000 oz gold). Here, Soviet-backed drilling in 1991 estimated a Soviet-style mineral resource of 2,392 kt at 10.2 g/t gold (785,694 oz gold) (See RNS dated 22nd May 2017). The bulk of the resources are contained within the Tatiana vein, the largest of the four main veins on Mestiza.

Current Drill Plan

Condor commenced drilling with one drill rig on Mestiza on 23rd March 2017, to test the Soviet drill intercepts and

convert the high grade Soviet-style mineral resource estimate to Canadian NI-43-101 standard (See RNS dated 31st March 2017). The initial batch of drill holes assays was reported on 22 May 2017. It is expected that further drilling of about 3,000 m (total of 6,000 m drilling) will be required to convert the majority of the Soviet mineral resource to a NI 43-101-compliant Inferred Mineral Resource.

Discussion of Drill Results

As reported in the last drill hole results released on 22 May 2017, mineralisation occurs within a 4-6 m wide mineralised structure crosscutting a major unit of welded tuff with conspicuous fiamme. The structure consists of:

A central high grade quartz vein, 0.5-1.0 m wide, with comb and drusy quartz and minor chalcedony. Textures of the vein vary between holes, from massive silica, to leaching textures with skeletons of former calcite, to locally colloform banded pale green chalcedony with fine streaks of sulphide mineralisation.

2.5 m of jigsaw and crackle hydrothermal breccia around the central vein. Drusy and comb quartz forms the matrix of these breccias, normally associated with lower gold grades.

Late fault breccias along the structure containing clasts of vein and hydrothermal breccia, which can contain significant high grade gold mineralisation.

Gold mineralisation is associated with the quartz vein and fault breccia over true widths of up to 3 m. The nature of the fault breccia, with variable amounts of gold mineralised vein clasts in a "difficult to recover" clay gouge, leads to high grade variability across the deposit. There is also a supergene effect as suggested by high grade silver spikes in some of the deeper historic holes (e.g., 0.7 m @ 356 g/t Ag

from 198.1 m in LIDC030B).

A long section of the Tatiana Vein (Figure 3) plots the drill hole intercepts at the point at which they pierce the vein for all the historic and current drilling. Each point is described by a grade thickness factor, which is the downhole intercept length multiplied by the average grade. At the local scale this shows the highly variable nature of mineralisation, but at the larger scale shows that the vein is broadly well mineralised and forms high grade shoots separated by intervening areas of low grade where the mineralised zone is thinner.

A geological model has been developed which correlates high grade gold mineralisation with bends in the vein (see 'Big Bend' in Figure 1). These bends created more open space, allowing more hydrothermal fluid circulation, resulting in higher grade. The Big Bend high grade shoot, which appears to pitch almost vertically, extends over a strike length of approximately 300 m. It is open to depth and the deepest intersections, about 150 m below surface, remain in oxidised material. Deeper drilling, and drilling to infill untested 'gaps' in Big Bend, are underway with more closely spaced drilling, on 50 m centres, to better define the geometry and extent of the high grade shoot.

Drilling will continue on 100 m centres along the strike length of the Tatiana, Buenos Aires and Jicaro veins for resource definition purposes and to help identify new shoots.

Figure 3 Long Section of Tatiana Indicating a High Grade Ore Shoot

Mestiza in the context of La India

Mestiza is significant for five reasons:

1. It already hosts a NI 43-101-compliant mineral resource (1,490 kt at 7.47 g/t; 333,000 oz gold). This is excluded from the current Pre-Feasibility Study ('PFS') and Preliminary Economic Assessment ('PEA') at La India Project.

2. The December 2014 PEA contains an open pit and underground mining scenario using a 1.6 Mtpa processing plant recovering 1,203 koz gold over the life of mine, with the first 5 years production averaging 138,000 oz gold pa.

3. The January 2016 Whittle Enterprise Optimisation to NPV of the above PEA materially increased the recovered gold and project economics. Using the same 1.6 Mtpa processing plant, recovered gold increases to 1,437 koz gold over the life of mine with the first five years of production averaging 165,000 oz gold pa.

4. All production scenarios to date exclude Mestiza, which is in close proximity to the La India and America vein sets (See Figure 4). There is a high possibility of bringing additional high grade gold from Mestiza into a future mine plan, feeding a centralised processing plant.

5. Importantly, Mestiza hosts a relatively shallow high grade, oxidised resource, which is currently viewed as a combined open pit-underground mining target. The average drill depth is 112 m for the 6,000 m resource conversion drilling programme. The existing resource is open along strike in both directions and at depth. The shallow, high grade nature of the resource suggests it could be added early on to the mine plan, enhancing the production profile and economics of the project.

Competent Person's Declaration

The information in this announcement that relates to the

mineral potential, geology, exploration results and database is based on information compiled, and reviewed, by Mr Peter Flindell, Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists, Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Member of the Society of Economic Geologists. Mr Flindell is a geologist with over thirty years of experience in the exploration of precious metal mineral resources. Mr Flindell is a non-executive director on the Board of Condor Gold plc who also provides technical leadership to the technical team in Nicaragua and has considerable experience in epithermal mineralisation, the type of deposit under consideration, and sufficient experience in the type of activity that he is undertaking to qualify as a 'Competent Person' as defined in the June 2009 Edition of the AIM Note for Mining and Oil & Gas Companies. Mr Flindell consents to the inclusion in the announcement of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears and confirms that this information is accurate and not false or misleading.

Technical Glossary

Assay The laboratory test conducted to determine the proportion of a mineral within a rock or other material. Usually reported as parts per million which is equivalent to grams of the mineral (i.e. gold) per tonne of rock

Ag Silver

Au Gold breccias A fragmental rock, composed of rounded to angular broken rock fragments held together by a mineral cement or in a fine-grained matrix. They can be formed by igneous, tectonic, sedimentary or hydrothermal processes.

C1

C1 reserves are broadly equivalent to JORC indicated resources and have been estimated by a sparse grid of trenches, drill holes or underground workings. The quality and properties of the deposit are known tentatively by analyses and by analogy with known deposits of the same type. The general conditions

for exploitation are partially known C2 C2 reserves are broadly equivalent to JORC inferred resources and have been extrapolated from limited data, probably only a single hole

Chalcedony A variety of quartz formed by microscopic or submicroscopic crystals. In an epithermal environment, chalcedony is formed in low temperature and pressure conditions high in the system. Colloform banded A texture found in fine grained quartz (chalcedony) veins where crystals have grown in a radiating and concentric manner from a vein centreline to give a finely banded appearance

Comb quartz A quartz vein texture describing masses of parallel long, thin crystals growing inwards from the vein margins produce a texture like that of a comb.

Drusy quartz A coating of fine quartz crystals [<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crystal>] on a rock fracture surface, which may be an open space in the vein.

Fiamme Fragments of volcanic [<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Volcano>] ejecta, often pumice, that have been flattened by compaction to form flame-like shapes

Geochemistry The study of the elements and their interaction as minerals to make up rocks and soils

Geophysics The measurement and interpretation of the earth's physical parameters using non-invasive methods such as measuring the gravity, magnetic susceptibility, electrical conductivity, seismic response and natural radioactive emissions.

Hydrothermal Hot water circulation often caused by heating of groundwater by near surface magmas and often occurring in association with volcanic activity. Hydrothermal waters can contain significant concentrations of dissolved minerals.

Kt Thousand tonnes

Mineral Reserve The economically mineable part of a Measured and/or Indicated Mineral Resource. It includes diluting materials and allowances for losses, which may occur when the material is mined. Appropriate assessments and studies have been carried out, and include consideration of and modification by realistically assumed mining, metallurgical, economic, marketing, legal, environmental, social and governmental factors. These assessments demonstrate at the time of reporting that extraction could reasonably be

justified. Ore Reserves are sub-divided in order of increasing confidence into Probable Ore Reserves and Proved Ore Reserves. Mineral Resource A concentration or occurrence of material of economic interest in or on the Earth's crust in such a form, quality, and quantity that there are reasonable and realistic prospects for eventual economic extraction. The location, quantity, grade, continuity and other geological characteristics of a Mineral Resource are known, estimated from specific geological knowledge, or interpreted from a well constrained and portrayed geological model. NI 43-101 Canadian National Instrument 43-101 a common standard for reporting of identified mineral resources and ore reserves Phreatic breccias Fragmental rocks formed near the Earth's surface by the interaction of hot rock and cold water, or vice versa. Commonly occur at the top of mineralized epithermal gold systems. Rock chip A sample of rock collected for analysis, from one or several close spaced sample points at a location. Unless otherwise stated, this type of sample is not representative of the variation in grade across the width of an ore or mineralised body and the assay results cannot be used in a Mineral Resource Estimation Soviet The former Soviet system for classification of reserves and Classification resources, developed in 1960 and revised in 1981, which divides mineral concentrations into seven categories of three major groups, based on the level of exploration performed: explored reserves (A, B, C1), evaluated reserves (C2) and prognostic resources (P1, P2, P3) Soviet GKZ The former Soviet State Commission for Mineral Reserves. Stockwork Multiple connected veins with more than one orientation, typically consisting of millimetre to centimetre thick fracture-fill veins and veinlets. Strike length The longest horizontal dimension of an ore body or zone of mineralisation. Vein A sheet-like body of crystallised minerals within a rock, generally forming in a discontinuity or crack between two rock masses. Economic concentrations of gold are often contained within vein minerals. Welded tuff A fragmental volcanic rock formed by sufficiently hot volcanic ejecta that the fragments

weld together Zeolite veinlets Zeolites are hydrated aluminosilicates found in gas bubbles within basalts and in geothermal districts. They also found in the upper parts of gold-bearing epithermal systems.

About Condor Gold plc:

Condor Gold plc was admitted to AIM on 31st May 2006. The Company is a gold exploration and development company with a focus on Central America.

Condor completed a Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS) and two Preliminary Economic Assessments (PEA) on its wholly owned La India Project in Nicaragua in December 2014. The PFS details an open pit gold mineral reserve of 6.9 Mt at 3.0 g/t gold for 675,000 oz gold producing 80,000 oz gold p.a. for 7 years. The PEA for the open pit only scenario details 100,000 oz gold production p.a. for 8 years whereas the PEA for a combination of open pit and underground details 140,000 oz gold production p.a. for 8 years. La India Project contains a total attributable mineral resource of 18.08 Mt at 4.0 g/t for 2.31 M oz gold and 2.68 M oz silver at 6.2 g/t to the CIM Code.

In El Salvador, Condor has an attributable 1,004,000 oz gold equivalent at 2.6 g/t JORC compliant resource. The resource calculations are compiled by independent geologists SRK Consulting (UK) Limited for Nicaragua and Ravensgate and Geosure for El Salvador.

Disclaimer

Neither the contents of the Company's website nor the contents

of any website accessible from hyperlinks on the Company's website (or any other website) is incorporated into, or forms part of, this announcement.

For further information please visit <http://www.condorgold.com> or contact:

Condor Gold plc
7th Floor 39 St. James's Street London SW1A 1JD
Telephone +44-0207 493 2794

Condor Gold plc
Mark Child, Executive
Chairman and CEO

Tinka Resources announces continuation of South Ayawilca mineralisation

Tinka Resources Limited {TSX.V: TK} announced assay results of five recent drill holes from its 100% owned Ayawilca zinc project in central Peru.

All five holes are from South Ayawilca and the extension of the Central Ayawilca areas, where zinc mineralisation occurs in flat-lying sulphide bodies replacing carbonate and clastic rocks adjacent to a northeast trending fault.



.

Vancouver, Canada – Tinka Resources Limited {TSX.V: TK} is pleased to announce assay results of five recent drill holes from its 100% owned Ayawilca zinc project in central Peru.

All five holes are from South Ayawilca and the extension of the Central Ayawilca areas, where zinc mineralisation occurs in flat-lying sulphide bodies replacing carbonate and clastic rocks adjacent to a northeast trending fault. Holes A17-069 and A17-070 were drilled between two earlier drill intersections in holes A17-056 and A17-063 (see previous releases [May 3, 2017](#) and [June 8, 2017](#)).

These new results confirm the continuity of high grade zinc mineralisation in two separate replacement bodies (mantos) at South Ayawilca over a strike length of at least 300 metres, with the lower sulphide manto believed to be continuous over a one kilometre strike from South Ayawilca to Central Ayawilca.

Dr. Graham Carman, Tinka's President and CEO, stated: "We are extremely pleased with these latest results, which confirm continuity of very high grade zinc mineralisation at South Ayawilca over at least 300 metres of strike. Zinc mineralisation also remains open in several directions including to the south, east, and possibly to the west where the favourable stratigraphic horizon may rapidly deepen. Hole A17-068, drilled 350 metres along strike from A17-063, shows that the lower mineralised manto is a continuous replacement body and connects with Central Ayawilca. The Ayawilca sulphide system is zoned; high grade zinc occurs outward of bodies of iron sulphide (mostly pyrrhotite) which host tin mineralization. This zonation has similarities to the giant Cerro de Pasco base metals deposit 40 kilometres to the southeast. Drilling is continuing with step-out holes at West Ayawilca, along with new targets being drilled at Zone 3 and Chaucha."

The Company has released results of the first sixteen drill holes of an estimated planned ~30 holes for 2017. Twenty-four holes have so far been completed, with hole A17-080 now beginning, and many assays are pending for both zinc and tin. We currently have one drill rig testing extensions of the West Ayawilca resource (see Figure 1 and Figure 4). A second drill rig is drilling at Zone 3. The third rig is setting up at the Chaucha area, with the first hole in that area planned to test a high priority geochemical-geophysical target. A fourth drill rig was recently demobilized from South Ayawilca, allowing the Company time to complete assays as well as analyze and interpret the new data.

[To read the news release, please click HERE](#)

—